Messiah

Saturday, December 18, 2021 • 2:30 p.m. • First Free Methodist Church Sunday, December 19, 2021 • 2:30 p.m. • Bastyr Chapel

Harmonia Orchestra and Chorus

William White, conductor and harpsichord

Ellaina Lewis, soprano • José Luis Muñoz, countertenor Brendan Tuohy, tenor • Ryan Bede, baritone



Symphony

Accompagnato: "Comfort Ye" Air: "Every valley shall be exalted" Chorus: "And the glory of the Lord" Accompagnato: "Thus saith the Lord"

Air: "But who may abide" Chorus: "And He shall purify"

Recitative: "Behold, a Virgin shall conceive" Air and Chorus: "O thou that tellest" Accompagnato: "For behold, darkness" Air: "The people that walked in darkness" Chorus: "For unto us a child is born"

Pastoral Symphony

Recitative: "There were shepherds" Accompagnato: "And lo, the angel" Recitative: "And the angel said unto them"

Accompagnato: "And suddenly there was with the angel"

Chorus: "Glory to God in the highest" Air: "Rejoice greatly, O daughter of Zion"

Recitative: "Then shall the eyes of the blind be opened"

Air: "He shall feed His flock" Chorus: "His yoke is easy"

—intermission (15 minutes) —

Chorus: "Behold the Lamb of God"

Air: "He was despised"

Chorus: "Surely He hath borne our griefs"

Chorus: "And with His stripes" Chorus: "All we, like sheep"

Accompagnato: "All they that see Him"

Chorus: "He trusted in God"

Accompagnato: "Thy rebuke hath broken His heart"

Arioso: "Behold, and see if there be any sorrow"

Accompagnato: "He was cut off" Air: "But Thou didst not leave" Chorus: "Lift up your heads" Recitative: "Unto which of the angels"

Chorus: "Let all the angels"
Air: "Thou art gone up on high"
Chorus: "The Lord gave the word"
Air: "How beautiful are the feet"
Chorus: "Their sound is gone out"
Air: "Why do the nations"

Chorus: "Let us break their bonds asunder"

Recitative: "He that dwelleth" Air: "Thou shalt break them" Chorus: "Hallelujah"

—intermission (10 minutes) —

Air: "I know that my Redeemer liveth" Chorus: "Since by man came death"

Accompagnato: "Behold, I tell you a mystery"

Air: "The trumpet shall sound"

Recitative: "Then shall be brought to pass"

Duet: "O death, where is thy sting?" Chorus: "But thanks be to God"

Air: "If God be for us, who can be against us?"

Chorus: "Worthy is the Lamb"

Please silence cell phones and other electronics, and refrain from the use of cameras and recording devices during the performance.





Soprano Ellaina Lewis demonstrates an extensive range

of vocal and dramatic ability. Originally from Washington, D.C., she now makes her home in Seattle. In addition to Seattle Opera, where she sang the role of Strawberry Woman in *Porgy and Bess*, she has performed with Puget Sound Opera, Tacoma Opera, Seattle Choral Company, Everett Philharmonic,



Sammamish Symphony, ArtsWest, Northwest New Works Festival, NOISE (Northwest Opera in Schools, Etc.), Ladies Musical Club, Cascade Symphony and Pacific Northwest Ballet School. Ms. Lewis has sung Violetta in Verdi's La Traviata, Amina in Bellini's La Sonnambula, Monica in Menotti's The Medium, the title role in Scott Joplin's Treemonisha, Erzulie in Flaherty's Once on This Island, Pamina in The Magic Flute and Gertrude in Hansel and Gretel. Concert engagements include Haydn's Creation, Mozart's Exsultate Jubilate and Villa Lobos' Bachianas Brasileiras No. 5. Ms. Lewis has on many occasions blended her love of singing and her passion for dance, collaborating with S.D. Prism Dance Theater and contributing vocal improvisations as dancers interpret the choreography of the company's founder, Sonia Dawkins. Among her premieres are the title role in Sally Hemings (an opera and film production by Garrett Fisher) and the role of Simona in Night Flight with Book-It Repertory Theatre.

Countertenor José Luis Muñoz has been described as "a

fabulous countertenor" with "amazing, powerful expression." He has premiered principal roles in *Juana* (San Francisco), *Monticello Wakes* (Los Angeles), *Yoshinaka* (Seattle), *Kakitsubata* (Köln) and *Magda G* (for which he was featured in the *Los Angeles Times*). In concert he has sung Handel's *Messiah*,



Mozart's *Requiem* and *Missa Brevis* K. 275, Bach's Mass in B minor, Orff's *Carmina Burana* and Bernstein's *Missa Brevis*. He has appeared with Opera Southwest, Musikpunkt Köln, Portland Symphonic Choir, City Opera Ballet, Seattle Early Music Guild, E.O.S. Opera (Germany), Federal Way Symphony, Washburn Symphony (Topeka), San Francisco Baroque Opera, First Congregational Church Music Series (Berkeley), Mission Cultural Center (San Francisco), Theater Artaud (San Francisco), Foro Cultural Coyoacanense Hugo Argüelles (Mexico) and the Ludinghaüsen Summer Art Festival (Germany). This season he sings Don Quijote in the U.S. premiere of Mauricio Sotelo's *Dulcinea* and returns to Opera Modesto to sing The Owl in Hector Armienta's *Bless Me, Ultima*. Mr. Muñoz is a soloist at Epiphany Episcopal Church in Seattle and teaches voice, piano and viola.

Tenor Brendan Tuohy has been praised by The Cincinnati

Post for his "big, bold tenor edged with silver," and he continues to move audiences both in the U.S. and overseas. Recent appearances include Nemorino in L'elisir d'amore with Tacoma Opera, David Lang's The Little Match Girl Passion with Eugene Opera, and the role of Rent-a-Cop in the world premiere of Evan



Mack's Yeltsin in Texas. In 2018 he returned to the Grant Park Music Festival to sing Haydn's Theresienmesse, following a 2017 performance of Beethoven's Ninth. Other engagements have included Rachel Portman's The Little Prince with Opera Theater Oregon, Haydn's The Seasons and Handel's Messiah with Harmonia, Britten's War Requiem at the University of Washington, and the iSing International Music Festival in Suzhou, China. He has performed on the opera stage at Eugene Opera, City Opera Bellevue, Vashon Opera and Berlin Opera Academy, and in concert with the Oregon Symphony, Seattle Symphony, Pacific MusicWorks and Symphony Tacoma. Mr. Tuohy completed his academic training at the University of Cincinnati College-Conservatory of Music with a master's degree in vocal performance. In 2008, he had the honor of singing and competing in the Metropolitan Opera National Council Semi-Finals in New York City.

Baritone Ryan Bede made his Seattle Opera solo debut in

The Magic Flute during May 2017, followed by Prince Yamadori in Madama Butterfly, Jim Crowley in An American Dream, Fiorello in The Barber of Seville and Moralès in Carmen, as well as the Jailer in Dan Wallace Miller's film version of Tosca in May 2021. For the 2021–2022 season he returns to Opera Idaho for its



inaugural "Opera in the Park" and in An American Dream. In October 2019 he made his role debut as Belcore in The Elixir of Love with Tacoma Opera, where he has appeared in numerous roles, such as Moralès/Le Dancaïre in Carmen, Tiger Brown in The Threepenny Opera, Papageno in The Magic Flute, Mercutio in Roméo et Juliette, Schaunard in La Bohème and the Pirate King in The Pirates Of Penzance. Recent concert engagements have included Handel's Messiah with the Bremerton Symphony and Federal Way Symphony, Spectrum Dance Theater's acclaimed production of Carmina Burana and Bach's Christmas Oratorio with Early Music Vancouver/Pacific MusicWorks, as well as the Fauré and Duruflé Requiems, Haydn's Die Jahreszeiten and Carol Sams' The Earthmakers with Harmonia. Mr. Bede holds degrees from University of Puget Sound and the University of Washington, and is now pursuing a DMA at the UW.

Violin

Leah Anderson
Susan Beals
Dean Drescher
Stephen Hegg
Jason Hershey
Maria Hunt
Fritz Klein
Gregor Nitsche
Susan Ovens
Stephen Provine**
Theo Schaad
Kenna Smith-Shangrow*

Viola

Grant Hanner* Håkan Olsson Stephanie Read

Cello

Christy Johnson Katie Sauter Messick Matthew Wyant*

Bass

Jo Hansen

Oboe

Yuh-Pey Lin* Margaret Siple

Bassoon

Jeff Eldridge

Trumpet

Rabi Lahiri Janet Young*

Timpani

Daniel Oie

Archlute

Elizabeth Brown

Organ

Kevin Johnson

Harpsichord

Sheila Bristow William White

Soprano

Barb Anderson
Sue Cobb
Abigail Owens Cooper
Kiki Hood
Peggy Hudson
Genevieve Hurlocker
Peggy Kurtz §
Wini Leung
Claire Nieman
Nancy Shasteen

Alto

Sharon Agnew Deanna Fryhle Heather Fryhle Nori Heikkinen Jenny Hughart Pamela Ivezić Ellen Kaisse Jan Kinney Theodora Letz § Jennifer Mayer

Tenor

Dan Charlson Ralph Cobb Nathanael Fleming Steve Kauffman Jon Lange § Tom Nesbitt David Zapolsky

Bass

Paul Anderson
Gus Blazek §
Timothy Braun
John Fleming
Larry Hsu
Roger Nelson
Gill Ramirez
AJ Skurdal
Chuck Steve
William Willaford
Richard Wyckoff

Maestro's Prelude

Dear listeners,

Welcome to Harmonia's annual performances of Handel's *Messiah*! Whether you're an inveterate *Messiah* attendee or you're completely new to the work, I hope that the glory of this oratorio will be revealed to you in all its beauty, subtlety and splendor.

In this season of giving, I'm so grateful that we are once again able to share the gift of music with you, our community. Our 2021–2022 season theme is "Renewal," and with these performances we're renewing a Seattle tradition that stretches back to the 1970s. I've had the great good fortune to talk to many of you who have attended our *Messiah* concerts for decades, and knowing how much this music means to you has only added to its richness for me.

Harmonia has a special history with *Messiah*. We have a whole page devoted to it in this program (which you should read!) but I can sum it up by saying that you will never encounter a group of musicians who love this music more than our singers and instrumentalists. You might think they'd get tired of it, but it's entirely the opposite: every year, they delve further into its intricacies, and they keep the music fresh with their open-minded approach.

Our relationship with this music took another turn this past May, when the lockdowns finally lifted and it once again became possible to come together and perform. We convened our chorus and orchestra outdoors in a church parking lot, and we sang and played *Messiah* for the sheer joy of making music. (And, one hopes, for the delight of the neighbors.) It was the first step in putting our community back together, and an experience I'll never forget.

Now we find ourselves again performing *Messiah* in its proper place in the concert season, and it's imbued with extra meaning and energy. Handel's music seems to have shimmered even more resplendently than usual this year. At least that's how it's been for me, and I hope it feels that way for you this afternoon.

Millian Mhit

P.S. For those of you joining us today because of a particular love for lengthy Baroque oratorios, I'd be remiss if I didn't draw your attention to another Harmonia tradition that's about to be renewed: our March 13 performance of J.S. Bach's St. Matthew Passion (a 2020 project put on hold by the pandemic). Harmonia has had much company in presenting Messiah over the past four decades, but no ensemble in the region has performed St. Matthew Passion as often as we have — this will be our 13th time, and an event that you won't want to miss. If our Messiah turnout is any indication, tickets are likely to go fast, so get yours today!

P.P.S. We hope you'll also join us for our other 2022 concerts: a fabulous orchestral program on February 5 and our gala season finale at Benaroya Hall on April 24.

^{**} concertmaster

* principal

§ section leader

Vocal Text

Part the First

Symphony

Comfort ye, comfort ye my people, saith your God.

Speak ye comfortably to Jerusalem, and cry unto her, that her warfare is accomplished, that her iniquity is pardoned.

The voice of him that crieth in the wilderness: Prepare ye the way of the Lord, make straight in the desert a highway for our God.

Every valley shall be exalted, and every mountain and hill made low: the crooked straight, and the rough places plain:

And the glory of the Lord shall be revealed, and all flesh shall see together: for the mouth of the Lord hath spoken it.

*Isaiah 40:1–5**

Thus saith the Lord, the Lord of Hosts; Yet once, a little while, and I will shake the heavens and the earth, the sea and the dry land;

And I will shake all nations, and the desire of all nations shall come.

Haggai 2:6–7

The Lord, whom ye seek, shall suddenly come to His temple, even the messenger of the covenant, whom ye delight in: behold, He shall come, saith the Lord of Hosts.

But who may abide the day of His coming, and who shall stand when He appeareth? For He is like a refiner's fire.

And He shall purify the sons of Levi, that they may offer unto the Lord an offering in righteousness. *Malachi* 3:1–2

Behold, a Virgin shall conceive, and bear a Son, and shall call His name Emmanuel, "God with us."

Isaiah 7:14; Matthew 1:23

O thou that tellest good tidings to Zion, get thee up into the high mountain; O thou, that tellest good tidings to Jerusalem, lift up thy voice with strength; lift it up, be not afraid; say unto the cities of Judah, Behold your God!

Isaiah 40:9

Arise, shine; for thy light is come, and the glory of the Lord is risen upon thee.

For behold, darkness shall cover the earth, and gross darkness the people: but the Lord shall arise upon thee, and His glory shall be seen upon thee.

And the Gentiles shall come to thy light, and kings to the brightness of thy rising.

Isaiah 60:1–3

The people that walked in darkness have seen a great light: they that dwell in the land of the shadow of death, upon them hath the light shined.

Isaiah 9:2

For unto us a child is born, unto us a Son is given: and the government shall be upon His shoulder: and His name shall be called Wonderful, Counsellor, The Mighty God, The Everlasting Father, The Prince of Peace. Isaiah 9:6

Pifa (Pastoral Symphony)

There were shepherds abiding in the field, keeping watch over their flock by night.

And lo, the angel of the Lord came upon them, and the glory of the Lord shone round about them: and they were sore afraid.

And the angel said unto them, Fear not: for, behold, I bring you good tidings of great joy, which shall be to all people.

For unto you is born this day in the city of David a Savior, which is Christ the Lord.

And suddenly there was with the angel a multitude of the heavenly host, praising God, and saying:

Glory to God in the highest, and peace on earth, good will towards men.

Luke 2:8–14

Rejoice greatly, O daughter of Zion; shout, O daughter of Jerusalem: behold, thy King cometh unto thee.

He is the righteous Savior and He shall speak peace unto the heathen. *Zecharaiah* 9:9–10

Then shall the eyes of the blind be opened, and the ears of the deaf unstopped.

Then shall the lame man leap as an hart, and the tongue of the dumb shall sing. *Isaiah* 35:5–6

He shall feed His flock like a shepherd: He shall gather the lambs with His arm, and carry them in His bosom, and shall gently lead those that are with young.

Isaiah 40:11

Come unto Him, all ye that labor and are heavy laden, and He will give you rest.

Take His yoke upon you, and learn of Him; for He is meek and lowly of heart: and ye shall find rest unto your souls.

His yoke is easy, His burthen is light. *Matthew* 11:28–30

Part the Second

Behold the Lamb of God, that taketh away the sin of the world.

John 1:29

He was despised and rejected of men; a man of sorrows, and acquainted with grief.

Isaiah 53:3

He gave His back to the smiters, and His cheeks to them that plucked off the hair: He hid not His face from shame and spitting.

Isaiah 50:6

Surely He hath borne our griefs, and carried our sorrows; He was wounded for our transgressions, He was bruised for our iniquities: the chastisement of our peace was upon Him.

And with His stripes we are healed.

All we, like sheep, have gone astray; we have turned every one to his own way; and the Lord hath laid on Him the iniquity of us all.

Isaiah 53:4–6

All they that see Him, laugh Him to scorn: they shoot out their lips, and shake their heads, saying,

He trusted in God that He would deliver Him: let Him deliver Him, if He delight in Him. *Psalms* 22:7–8

Thy rebuke hath broken His heart; He is full of heaviness: He looked for some to have pity on Him, but there was no man; neither found He any to comfort Him. *Psalms 69:20*

Behold, and see if there be any sorrow like unto His sorrow.

Lamentations 1:12

He was cut off out of the land of the living: for the transgressions of Thy people was He stricken. *Isaiah 53:8*

But Thou didst not leave His soul in hell; nor didst Thou suffer Thy Holy One to see corruption. *Psalms* 16:10

Lift up your heads, O ye gates; and be ye lift up, ye everlasting doors; and the King of Glory shall come in. Who is this King of Glory? The Lord strong and mighty, the Lord mighty in battle.

The Lord of Hosts, He is the King of Glory. *Psalms* 24:7–10

Unto which of the angels said He at any time, Thou art My Son, this day have I begotten Thee?

Let all the angels of God worship Him. Hebrews 1:5–6

Thou art gone up on high, Thou hast led captivity captive, and received gifts for men; yea, even from Thine enemies, that the Lord God might dwell among them. *Psalms 68:18*

The Lord gave the word: great was the company of the preachers. *Psalms 68:11*

How beautiful are the feet of them that preach the gospel of peace, and bring glad tidings of good things! *Romans* 10:15

Their sound is gone out into all lands, and their words unto the ends of the world.

Romans 10:18

Why do the nations so furiously rage together: why do the people imagine a vain thing?

The kings of the earth rise up, and the rulers take counsel together against the Lord, and against His anointed.

Let us break their bonds asunder, and cast away their yokes from us.

He that dwelleth in heaven shall laugh them to scorn: the Lord shall have them in derision. *Psalms 2:1–4*

Thou shalt break them with a rod of iron; thou shalt dash them in pieces like a potter's vessel. *Psalms* 2:9

Hallelujah, for the Lord God Omnipotent reigneth, Hallelujah! Revelation 19:6

The Kingdom of this world is become the Kingdom of our Lord, and of His Christ; and He shall reign for ever and ever, Hallelujah! Revelation 11:15

King of Kings, and Lord of Lords, and He shall reign for ever and ever, Hallelujah! Revelation 19:16

Part the Third

I know that my Redeemer liveth, and that He shall stand at the latter day upon the earth:

And though worms destroy this body, yet in my flesh shall I see God. *Job 19: 25–26*

For now is Christ risen from the dead, the first fruits of them that sleep.

Since by man came death, by man came also the resurrection of the dead.

For as in Adam all die, even so in Christ shall all be made alive. *I Corinthians* 15:20–22

Behold, I tell you a mystery; we shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trumpet.

The trumpet shall sound, and the dead shall be raised incorruptible, and we shall be changed.

For this corruptible must put on incorruption, and this mortal must put on immortality.

Then shall be brought to pass the saying that is written, Death is swallowed up in victory.

O death, where is thy sting? O grave, where is thy victory?

The sting of death is sin, and the strength of sin is the law.

But thanks be to God, who giveth us the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ. *I Corinthians* 15:51–57

If God be for us, who can be against us? Romans 8:31

Who shall lay anything to the charge of God's elect? It is God that justifieth.

Who is he that condemneth? It is Christ that died, yea rather, that is risen again, who is at the right hand of God, who makes intercession for us.

Romans 8:33–34

Worthy is the Lamb that was slain, and hath redeemed us to God by His blood, to receive power, and riches, and wisdom, and strength, and honor, and glory, and blessing.

Blessing and honor, glory and power, be unto Him that sitteth upon the throne, and unto the Lamb, for ever and ever. Amen.

Revelation 5:12–13

Program Notes

Georg Frideric Handel Messiah, HWV 56

Handel was born in Halle, Germany, on February 23, 1685, and died in London on April 14, 1759. He composed Messiah between August 22 and September 14 of 1741. The oratorio was first performed in Dublin on April 13, 1742, under the direction of the composer. In addition to SATB soloists and choir, the work calls for 2 oboes, bassoon, 2 trumpets, timpani, strings and continuo.

Handel, renowned in his day as an organist and as a highly prolific writer of Italian operas and English oratorios, was born in Germany in 1685 about a month before J.S. Bach. He received his musical training in Italy, and later became 18th-century England's "national composer." Between February and November 1741, Handel—suffering at the age of 56 from various ailments, both financial and physical — withdrew increasingly from public life. At some point that year, the composer received from the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland and the governors of Dublin's three major charitable institutions an invitation to travel to that city to aid the charities through the performance of his music. Handel was well known in Dublin as a church-music composer, and his works were often played there to benefit charities. It may thus have been this invitation that provided the incentive for Handel to compose "a new sacred Oratorio." In July of 1741, Charles Jennens, who was responsible for the texts of Handel's oratorios Israel in Egypt and Saul, gave the struggling Handel the libretto of Messiah, a compilation of biblical texts from both the Old and New Testaments.

On August 22, Handel began to set Jennens' text to music. He finished the first part of his new oratorio (which deals with the prophecy of Christ's coming and his nativity) in six days, the second part (which describes Jesus' suffering, death, resurrection and ascension, the spread of his gospel, the resistance of the heathen, and the vision of the ultimate triumph of the gospel in the establishment of God's kingdom) in nine days, and the third part (which celebrates the gift of resurrection and eternal life offered to all through Christ's victory over death) in six more days, with two or three additional days for completing the orchestration. Regarding Handel's state of mind during Messiah's composition, biographer Jonathan Keates observes in his 1992 book Handel: The Man and Music that "etherealized visions of the elderly master refusing food, weeping into the semiquavers and having angelic hallucinations are mostly moonshine."

In the autumn of 1741, Handel accepted the invitation to visit Dublin, arriving on November 18 with the completed score of *Messiah* in his traveling bags, but it was not until April 13, 1742, that the oratorio received its premiere. Seven hundred people squeezed into Dublin's Musick Hall in Fishamble-street to hear the work performed by the choirs of Dublin's two cathedrals (totaling fewer than 40 men and boys) and the string band (reinforced occasionally by trumpets and timpani—oboe and bassoon parts were added later), all directed from the keyboard by Mr. Handel himself. The work created a sensation: "Words are wanting

to express the exquisite Delight it afforded to the admiring crouded Audience," exulted *Faulkner's Journal*. "The Sublime, the Grand, and the Tender, adapted to the most elevated, majestick and moving Words, conspired to transport and charm the ravished Heart and Ear." Handel divided his share of the proceeds (about £400), as did the other performers, among Dublin's three most important charities.

Messiah is unique among Handel's works, being his only biblical oratorio using texts from the New Testament, and his only "Christian-contemplative" oratorio. Although the text is not a dramatic narrative but an epic-lyric poem celebrating Christian redemption, Handel's musical approach in setting Jennens' libretto was decidedly dramatic. The work's three parts recall the three acts of Italian operas, and the oratorio is indeed a piece designed by a seasoned operatic professional to "entertain," in the best sense of the word, listeners in a concert room, not chiefly to instruct or edify a congregation or to be used in any sort of worship.

Handel synthesizes the best elements of the three musical traditions in which he was steeped: the Italian, the German and the English. He makes use of Italian forms of musical expression, borrowing, rearranging and transforming into "duet-choruses" (such as "And he shall purify") some passages from his own Italian love duets. In the "Pastoral Symphony" (entitled Pifa) that introduces the shepherds, Handel alludes to the music of the pifferari, the country bagpipers who descend the Italian mountains during the Christmas season to play in village streets. Handel employs German musical ideas, particularly in the music describing Jesus' suffering and death, where the jagged dotted rhythms and forceful harmonies have a particularly German expressive quality. In that great "coronation march," the "Hallelujah Chorus," melodic fragments echoing the German chorale "Wachet auf" may be heard in "The kingdom of this world" and in "And he shall reign for ever and ever." Handel's melodic shapes, vocal treatment, grand anthem-like choruses, and text-setting display the "English character" that has ensured Messiah's unchallenged supremacy in the English choral repertoire: in such arias as "He was despised" and "I know that my Redeemer liveth," the rhythms of the music grow out of the natural speech rhythms of the words, so that the music expresses the text directly and powerfully, and then illustrates it almost visually (e.g., "Every valley shall be exalted," "The people that walked in darkness," and "All we, like sheep").

The easy accessibility and glorious variety of the music that results from the confluence of these elements (and which often conceals the exalted art underlying it) has helped to guarantee *Messiah*'s survival, through a seeming infinitude of "arrangements," versions and types of presentation, as one of the most popular pieces ever composed. As R.A. Streatfeild observes, "*Messiah*, if not Handel's greatest work, is undoubtedly the most universal in its appeal" because it continues to sing to "high and low, rich and poor, wise and foolish alike" a magnificent song of salvation, fresh, vital and full of aesthetic and spiritual grace.

Harmonia and *Messiah*

The Seattle Chamber Singers first presented (the Christmas portion of) Messiah in December 1970, on a holiday program that included the world premiere of a cantata by the group's founder, George Shangrow. In those early years George led annual sing-along Messiahs at University Unitarian Church, a tradition that began in 1969. And in 1975 he played harpsichord ("superbly," according to The Seattle Times) in a Seattle Symphony performance of the work.

The following year George (described as a "young man of much hair" by a Times reviewer) conducted the first complete SCS Messiah, billed as "almost a duplicate of the first performance of Messiah as Handel first heard the work" and the Seattle premiere of this "Dublin version" of the score. KUOW-FM broadcast the concert live from Meany Hall and the Times critic praised the "crisp, clean, good sound, a chorus together in joyous harmony."

The group presented presented Messiah almost every season that followed — except for 1983, 1985 (the Bach Year), 1993 and 1996 — until George's death in 2010. The ensemble performed it that year in tribute to its founder, but took a break for the next two seasons, returning to the work during Clinton Smith's first year as music director. Will White has continued this tradition.

One decision the conductor of any Baroque oratorio must make is which keyboard instrument(s) to use for the continuo section of the orchestra: organ, harpsichord, both? The earliest SCS performances generally featured a single harpsichord, invariably played by composer and keyboardist Robert Kechley, a founding member of the group. In 1984 he was joined by a second harpsichordist, but then continued solo until 1990, when George began playing and conducting from a second harpsichord, much as Handel himself would have done.

In 1998, the organization (with support from the PAC-CAR Foundation, King County Arts Commission, Visio Cor-

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poration and other generous donors) commissioned Michael Reiter of Tacoma to build a pair of instruments for use in Messiah and other Baroque works. Starting from kits made by Hubbard Harpsichords of Massachusetts, he created two instruments modeled on the French double-keyboard harpsichords of the 18th century. One contains three choirs of strings, while another has four sets of jacks instead of three. The first made its debut at our 1999 Messiah, and was joined by its companion the following year.

George and Bob played these harpsichords for Messiah thereafter until George's death, when this practice subsided. Our orchestra continued to employ one of the instruments for Baroque works, while the other has resided at Benaroya Hall in recent years, used by the Seattle Symphony and distinguished guest artists for many of their Baroque performances (along with some 20th- and 21st-century works requiring harpsichord).

In 2019, Seattle-based harpsichord builder David Calhoun overhauled both instruments to his exacting specifications and we welcomed Bob Kechley back to the keyboard for our *Messiah* concerts, sitting opposite Will White at the second harpsichord. We are also grateful to Jeffrey Cohan, who has overseen the care, transportation and tuning of these instruments for many years.



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Patricia Lyon Audrey Morin Kay Murakami Valerie Ross Michael & Edith I

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| Ostinato Giving Program

B Commissioning Club

In Memoriam

Philippe-Olivier Faaland Karen Fant Stephen Keeler (6) Avron Maletzky Rebecca C. McGoodwin Les & Barbara Roberts George Shangrow (3)

Marcia Smith (3) Liesel van Cleeff (2)

In Honor of

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