

# HARMONIA Orchestra & chorus

# 2021-2022 SEASON: RENEWAL

# HARMONIASEATTLE.ORG

## WELCOME TO THE 2021-2022 SEASON OF HARMONIA!



Our theme for this season is "Renewal," and it's about more than just a new season or a new name. This season is about renewing our relationship with music, exploring its edges and boundaries, and leaving ourselves open to what it has to teach us. After having been away from live performance for so long, I think we're all in store for some major surprises, and I, for one, am restless with anticipation to embark upon the journey.

The idea behind the programming this season is to allow music back into the life of our community in as complete a way as possible. We've got programs of festivity, mourning, tradition and courage—in short, the full compass of the human experience. Music is the rare art form that can capture the aching beauty of our triumphs and tribulations. Isn't that a cultural tradition worth renewing?

We certainly think so. Our guiding principle this season is that our communal work of making and sharing music is important. It restores our souls and enriches our lives. It allows us to express ourselves and communicate across the boundaries that so often separate us. Our musical culture is a gift that keeps on giving, across generations and geography.

I have missed you all dearly these past months and I cannot tell you how excited I am to be back with you, completing the circuit of energy that flows from the stage to the hall at a live performance. There's nothing like it, and I know none of us will ever again take it for granted.

Sincerely,

William Whith >

William White, Harmonia music director

The 2021–2022 season marks William White's fourth season as Harmonia's music director.

Maestro White is a conductor, composer, teacher, writer and performer whose musical career has spanned genres and crossed disciplines. For four seasons (2011–2015) he served as assistant conductor of the Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra, working closely with music director Louis Langrée and an array of guest artists, including John Adams, Philip Glass, Jennifer Higdon, Itzhak Perlman and James Conlon. A noted pedagogue, he has led some of the nation's finest youth orchestra programs, including Portland's Metropolitan Youth Symphony and the Cincinnati Symphony Youth Orchestra.

Mr. White has long-standing associations with a number of musical organizations, including the Chicago Symphony Orchestra, the Pierre Monteux School for Conductors and the Interlochen Academy.

In addition, Mr. White maintains a significant career as a composer of music for the concert stage, theater, cinema, church, radio and film. His music has been performed throughout North America as well as in Asia and Europe.

His works have been recorded on the MSR Classics and Cedille labels. Recordings of his works can be heard at **willcwhite.com**, where he also maintains a blog and publishing business.

Mr. White earned a Bachelor of Arts in music from the University of Chicago and a master's degree in conducting from Indiana University's Jacobs School of Music. He hails from Bethesda, Maryland, where he began his musical training as a violist. (You can keep any jokes to yourself.)

Mr. White is also producer and co-host of *The Classical Gabfest*, a weekly podcast about the ever-changing world of classical music.



## Celebration

Sunday, April 24, 2022 • 7:30 p.m. Benaroya Hall

Harmonia Orchestra & Chorus William White, conductor



LILI BOULANGER (1893–1918) D'un matin de printemps

WILLIAM C. WHITE (\*1983) *The Muses*, Op. 54 — WORLD PREMIERE

Introduction: The Muses — Cleio, the Muse of History — Euterpe, the Muse of Music — Thalia, the Muse of Comedy — Melpomene, the Muse of Tragedy — Terpsichore, the Muse of Dance — Erato, the Muse of Love Poetry — Polymnia, The Muse of Sacred Poetry — Urania, the Muse of Astronomy — Calliope, the Muse of Epic Poetry — Coda

—intermission —

MAURICE RAVEL (1875–1937) *Daphnis et Chloé* (Choreographic symphony in three parts)

Introduction (*Lent* — *Tres modéré*) Religious Dance (*Modéré* — *Un peu plus lent* — *Mouvement du début* — *Vif*) General Dance (*Beaucoup moins vif* — *Vif* — *Moins vif* — *Plus modéré*) Dorcon's Grotesque Dance (*Très modéré*) — *Plus animé* — *Plus modéré*) Daphnis' Light and Graceful Dance (*Assez lent* — *Plus animé* — *Animé* — *Vif* — *Lent* — *Moins lent* — *Très libre* — *Très modéré* — *Modérément animé* — *Tres animé* — *Lent* — *Tres agité* — *Modéré* — *Plus lent*)

Même mouvement War Dance (Animé et très rude — Très rude) Chloé's Dance of Supplication (Modéré — Animé — Assez lent — Animé — Lent — Assez animé — Lent — Modéré — Plus animé)

Dawn (*Lent* — *Très lent* — *Un peu plus animé* — *Vif* — *Très lent* — *Lent* — *Animé* — *Lent* — *Animé*) General Dance (Dance of Daphnis and Chloé — Dance of Dorcon — Final Dance: Bacchanal)

Please silence cell phones and other electronics, and refrain from the use of cameras and recording devices during the performance. Harmonia would like to thank Zart Eby, Michael Moore and the Seattle Symphony for the loan of instruments used at this concert. Special thanks to Ron Haight, Marc McCartney and Dianne Carlisle for their continuing support at our rehearsal venues this season.

#### **Maestro's Prelude**

#### Dear Listeners,

I don't think I've ever been quite as excited for a concert program as I am for the one we're presenting tonight.

We begin with the work of Lili Boulanger. Some of you may recall that during my first season as Harmonia's music director (2018–2019) we featured one of her works on each of our (non-*Messiah*) concerts, including this piece, *D'un matin de printemps*. I remain as committed to Boulanger's music today as I was then, and I am so glad to give this work a repeat hearing. It is a paean to springtime and the bubbly, chirping sounds that come to life at this time of year.

The centerpiece of tonight's program is Maurice Ravel's *Daphnis et Chloé*, a sort of choral ballet-symphony, which may well be my favorite piece of music of all time. (At the very least it's in my top five.) It is Ravel's magnum opus, and probably the single most expertly orchestrated work ever created by anyone. It is so colorful, so vivacious and so perfectly constructed that I can do little more than stand in awe of its magnificence. (Hopefully I'll find a way to move my arms as I'm standing there.)

We're also presenting a world premiere tonight, a brand new work of my own composition. I've known that I would write something significant for Harmonia since I accepted the job as the organization's music director back in 2018. But just what to write? With a group like this, the possibilities are endless, given the myriad combinations of voices and instruments available.

Naturally, for our performance at Benaroya Hall, I wanted to compose something in which everyone could participate. I don't remember exactly how I struck upon the idea to write a piece about the muses of Ancient Greek mythology — perhaps Euterpe herself put the idea into my head — but when I got a hold of the concept, it seemed like the perfect notion for a big choral-orchestral work.

I had a lot of fun writing *The Muses* and I hope you'll have a grand time listening to it. This piece is dedicated to the musicians of Harmonia as a token of my appreciation for their support over the past four years. These singers and instrumentalists are my muses all, and I am overwhelmingly grateful for their talents and their loyalty during these most challenging times.

William Whith

P.S. If you'd like another chance to celebrate all the wonderful things that Harmonia does, consider attending our annual gala concert and fundraiser on Saturday, May 7. Members of our orchestra will be joined by soprano Ellaina Lewis for an evening of songs, arias and spirituals. It's a further chance to revel in the tremendous past, present and future of this marvelous organization. It's been over a decade since this group last performed in Benaroya Hall. If you think we should return next season, this is your chance to fund such a possibility.

#### **Program Notes**

#### Lili Boulanger

#### D'un matin de printemps

Marie-Juliette Olga ("Lili") Boulanger was born August 21, 1893, in Paris, and died at Mézy-sur-Seine on March 15, 1918. She began this work in 1917, completing the orchestral version in January 1918. The score requires triple woodwinds (with piccolo, English horn, bass clarinet and contrabassoon), 4 horns, 3 trumpets, 3 trombones, tuba, percussion, harp, celesta and strings.

At age 24, Lili Boulanger was nearing the end of her tragically brief life while composing her final two orchestral works and the last music written in her own hand: *D'un soir triste* ("Of a sad evening") and *D'un matin de printemps* ("Of a spring morning"). Boulanger conceived three versions of each work, with *D'un matin* being scored for violin (or flute) and piano, piano trio, and full orchestra.

"Her manuscripts for these works betray the increasing effects of her illness," writes biographer Léonie Rosenstiel. "The notes are minuscule. What reveal most the composer's steadily worsening condition are the alternative versions within a single score, the insertion of ideas between staves." *D'un matin*, which Rosenstiel calls "by turns mordant, animated, agitated and slightly ironic," exhibits the influence of Claude Debussy, who would die a mere 10 days after Lili.

## William C. White *The Muses*, Op. 54

White was born August 16, 1983, in Fairfax, Virginia. He composed this work between January 1 and March 17, 2022, especially for this occasion, and it receives its first performance this evening. In addition to SSATBB chorus (some of whom double on kazoo), the score calls for triple woodwinds (including piccolo, English horn, bass clarinet and contrabassoon), 4 horns, 3 trumpets, 3 trombones, tuba, timpani, percussion, harp and strings.

William White is of course familiar to Harmonia audiences as the ensemble's music director (see the program cover for additional biographical details). His *Psalm 46* was featured on this season's opening concert and his *Recollected Dances* for string orchestra on our February program, but this is the first work he has composed especially for the group, dedicating it to the board and membership of Harmonia "in deepest gratitude for their unwavering support through the quiet times."

Early during his first season as music director of Orchestra Seattle and the Seattle Chamber Singers (now known as Harmonia), White had the idea of writing a piece called *The Muses* for the ensemble. "In fact," he says, "when we were working on a new name for the group, I thought 'The Muses' might fit the bill, and that writing a piece to accompany its unveiling would be a perfect way to celebrate the occasion. We ended up going with a different (and much better) Greek-mythology–inspired name but the idea of a choral-orchestral piece on the subject of the muses stuck with me.

"A huge bit of the inspiration for this piece comes from a number in a very obscure musical by Stephen Sondheim called *The Frogs*, written for the student theater at Yale. Based on the Ancient Greek comedy by Aristophenes, it features an *a cappella* choral number, 'Invocation to the Muses,' in which each muse is named and given a short title. In essence, *The Muses* is a spinning-out of this piece."

Sondheim is certainly among the musical influences, but so are "Ravel, Holst, Orff and, to a lesser extent, Herbert Howells and Björk. I had intended this to be the final composition of my very fertile lockdown period, which I had thought was going to last a bit longer than it did. But then the Hot Vax Summer of 2021 arrived, and suddenly everything became possible again. Although I had done a fair amount of the groundwork and text research during the non-existent 2020–2021 season, the composition proper had to wait until January 2022."

At first, White thought the piece would "be like the Sondheim 'Invocation' meets Ravel's *Daphnis* — each muse's name would be invoked, then the choir would blend into the orchestral fabric." The text (excerpted from *Library of History* by first-century B.C.E. Greco-Italian historian Diodorus Siculus) "describes each of the muses and explains the linguistic derivation of their name. This gave me the one consistent compositional element that appears in each of the sections: I use a harmonic 'spotlight' on each of the root words that give the muses their names."

White eventually decided to set the Diodorus text in Ancient Greek rather than in English translation. "I know precisely zero about the language," he admits, "but I thought that it would be a good way to distinguish the piece. (There are thousands of pieces written in Classical Latin, so why not one in Ancient Greek?) While Diodorus lived in the age of Classical (Koiné) Greek, the *Library of History* was purposefully written in a learnèd, archaic style that is very much Ancient Greek in its particulars (or so I am led to believe by my advisors, Ellen Kaisse and Marcello Cormio.)"

*The Muses* consists of nine sections (one for each muse) surrounded by an introduction and coda. "The opening represents the light bulb of a creative idea — the very moment that is supposedly most connected to the muses themselves. Each section involves some combination of the muse's subject area (comedy, tragedy, dance, etc.), the description given by Diodorus (Kleio comes from 'mega kleos,' the great glory of heroic men written about by the historians), and any folk traditions that have associated a muse with a particular instrument (Kleio's cornetto, Euterpe's panpipes)."

Each muse receives its own character piece: Cleio gets a Turkish march (with reeds, muted trumpets and kazoos evoking her cornetto), replete with a "Turkish crescent" in the percussion section; Euterpe, the muse of music, interestingly has the shortest time in the spotlight (a mere seven bars); Thalia's romp has a definite "Comedy Tonight" vibe; Melpomene's music is appropriately somber and reflective; Terpisichore gets a pop ballad befitting a Disney princess; Erato's material builds to a grand climax; Polymnia's music is more pensive; Urania, the muse of astronomy, calls to mind Holst's *The Planets*; and Calliope's segment has a sense of the epic, leading to a quiet coda.

#### Maurice Ravel Daphnis et Chloé

Joseph-Maurice Ravel was born in Ciboure, France, on March 7, 1875, and died in Paris on December 28, 1937. He began work on the ballet Daphnis et Chloé in 1909, completing the score in 1912. The first performance took place in Paris on June 8 of that year. In addition to wordless chorus, the score calls for 3 flutes (2 doubling piccolo), alto flute, 2 oboes, English horn, 2 clarinets, Eb clarinet, bass clarinet, 3 bassoons, contrabassoon, 4 horns, 4 trumpets, 3 trombones, tuba, timpani, a very large percussion battery (including a wind machine), celesta, 2 harps and strings.

The ballet impresario Sergei Diaghilev is responsible for a number of works that today greet audiences far more often in the concert hall than in staged performances. Among these, of course, are the three great ballets of Igor Stravinsky — *The Firebird* (1910), *Petrushka* (1911) and *The Rite of Spring* (1913) — as well as the remarkable ballet that premiered between those last two, Ravel's *Daphnis et Chloé*. Stravinsky himself called *Daphnis* "not only Ravel's best work, but also one of the most beautiful products of all French music."

Daphnis underwent a longer-than-intended gestation, in part due to the personalities and high standards of Ravel's collaborators, who included choreographer Michel Fokine, designer Léon Bakst, dancers Vaslav Nijinsky and Tamara Karsavina, and conductor Pierre Monteux. In a 1909 letter, Ravel wrote: "I've had a really insane week: preparation of a ballet libretto for the next Russian season. Almost every night, work until 3 a.m. What particularly complicates matters is that Fokine doesn't know a word of French, and I only know how to swear in Russian. Even with interpreters around you can imagine how chaotic our meetings are."

Fokine had for some time been keen to choreograph the tale of Daphnis and Chloé, adapted from a story attributed to the Greek author Longus (who lived around the second-century C.E.) via a 1559 French translation by poet Jacques Amyot, welcoming Ravel's involvement: "I was delighted that a musician of such talent was going to write music for my *Daphnis* ballet, and I felt that the music would be unusual, colorful and, most important, what I sincerely wished — totally unlike any other ballet music."

Ravel initially envisioned a "great choreographic symphony in three parts... a vast musical fresco," completing a piano score by May 1910. But significant revisions followed, particularly to the General Dance that ends the ballet, forcing the premiere to be twice postponed. When Ravel delivered the final version of this scene, the *corps de ballet* objected to the irregular  $\frac{5}{4}$  meter, prompting Ravel to suggest they chant "Ser–gei–Dia–ghi–lev" to keep track of the pulse.

"The work is constructed symphonically," Ravel explained, "out of a small number of themes, the development of which ensures the work's homogeneity." As the ballet opens, orphans Daphnis and Chloé fall in love; in a central episode, pirates abduct Chloé, and the god Pan rescues her; the final scene reunites the young lovers and ends in celebration. The premiere took place at the end of the 1911–1912 Ballet Russes season, allowing for only two performances, on a program that included Rimsky Korsakov's *Scheherazade* on the first half. (Diaghilev would reprise the work during the next two Paris seasons, as well as in London.) Critical reaction to the production as a whole was mixed, but *Le Figaro* considered it "the most accomplished and the most poetic work which we owe to M. Diaghilev's artistic enterprise."

Ravel's music quickly found its way into the concert hall. In fact, a suite (comprising the bulk of the second scene) had been performed and published a year before the premiere of the ballet, and a second suite (essentially consisting of the third scene) followed, the latter becoming an orchestral staple. Performances of the complete ballet — Ravel's longest work, on the grandest of scales, and the closest he would ever come to writing a symphony — is heard much less often in live performance, and even more rarely with the wordless chorus that the composer Ravel employs throughout the ballet as yet another evocative timbre in his seemingly inexhaustible instrumental palette.

Although he prepared orchestral cues to replace the choral passages when absolutely necessary in smaller theaters, Ravel considered the chorus indispensable. When Diaghilev mounted the London production *sans* chorus, the composer wrote a scathing letter to *The Times*, calling the omission of the choral parts "disrespectful towards the London public as well as the composer."

The ballet opens in a "meadow at the edge of a sacred wood" on "a bright spring afternoon." Ravel quickly introduces several musical motives that will recur frequently. Youths enter, carrying gifts for three nymphs depicted on an altar. They engage in a religious dance; meanwhile, Daphnis and Chloé, orphans and childhood friends, arrive on the scene. Young girls swirl around Daphnis in a lively  $\frac{7}{4}$  dance, causing Chloé to experience jealousy for the first time.

A cowherd, Dorcon, expresses interest in Chloé. Someone proposes a dance-off between Daphnis and Dorcon, with a kiss from Chloé being the prize. Dorcon performs grotesquely, the crowd imitating him mockingly; Daphnis dances gracefully, emerging victorious and claiming his kiss. Chloé and the worshipers recede, leaving Daphnis to become entranced by a shepherdess, Lyceion, who dances seductively. Pirates arrive on the scene and kidnap Chloé. In an extended *a cappella* interlude, the three nymphs come alive and invoke the god Pan.

The second scene unfolds at the pirates' camp, where the ruffians scurry about, unloading their plunder and dancing violently. The chief pirate forces Chloé to perform a dance of supplication. She attempts to escape (more than once) but is rebuffed each time. Satyrs surround the camp and Pan appears, causing the pirates to flee.

The third section opens with perhaps the most brilliant musical evocation of a sunrise in the orchestral literature. The scene is that of the opening of the ballet. "No sound but the murmur of rivulets of dew trickling from the rocks," Ravel summarized. "Little by little, day breaks. Bird songs are heard. Herdsmen arrive searching for Daphnis and Chloé. They find Daphnis and awaken him. In anguish, he looks around for Chloé, who at last appears. ... They throw themselves into each other's arms."

An elderly shepherd explains that Pan saved Chloé because of his love of the nymph Syrinx. Daphnis and Chloé proceed to mime the story Pan and Syrinx. "Chloé impersonates the young nymph wandering in the meadow. Daphnis appears as Pan and declares his love. The nymph repulses him. He grows more insistent. She disappears among the reeds. In despair, he plucks some reeds and shapes them into a flute and plays a melancholy tune. Chloé returns and dances to the melody of the flute. The dance grows more and more animated and, in a mad whirl, Chloé falls into Daphnis' arms. ... A group of young girls ... enters. Daphnis and Chloé embrace tenderly. A group of young men invade the stage. Joyous tumult. General Dance."

#### — Jeff Eldridge

## Auction Gala & Concert: For the Love of Music Saturday, May 7, 2022 • Mt. Baker Community Club

Join us for a celebration of the magic art that brings us all together: music! This festive gala will feature live performances, delicious bites and fantastic prizes. **Μούσας** δ' αὐτὰς ὠνομάσθαι ἀπὸ τοῦ μυεῖν τοὺς ἀνθρώπους, τοῦτο δ'ἐστὶν ἀπὸ τοῦ διδάσκειν τὰ καλὰ καὶ συμφέροντα καὶ ὑπὸ τῶν ἀπαιδεύτων ἀγνοούμενα.

έκάστη δὲ προσηγορία τὸν οἰκεῖον λόγον ἀπονέμοντές φασιν ὠνομάσθαι τὴν μὲν:

Κλειώ διὰ τὸ τὸν ἐχ τῆς ποιήσεως τῶν ἐγχωμιαζομένων ἔπαινον μέγα κλέος περιποιεῖν τοῖς ἐπαινουμένοις·

Εὐτέρπην δ'ἀπὸ τοῦ τέρπειν τοὺς ἀκροωμένους τοῖς ἀπὸ τῆς παιδείας ἀγαθοῖς.

Θάλειαν δ'ἀπὸ τοῦ θάλλειν ἐπὶ πολλοὺς χρόνους τοὺς διὰ τῶν ποιημάτων ἐγχωμιαζομένους.

**Μελπομένην** δ'ἀπὸ τῆς μελφδίας, δι' ῆς τοὺς ἀχούοντας ψυχαγωγεῖσθαι·

**Τερψιχόρην** δ'ἀπὸ τοῦ τέρπειν τοὺς ἀχροατὰς τοῖς ἐχ παιδείας περιγινομένοις ἀγαθοῖς·

Έρατώ δ'ἀπὸ τοῦ τοὺς παιδευθέντας ποθεινοὺς καὶ ἐπεράστους ἀποτελεῖν.

Πολύμνιαν δ' ἀπὸ τοῦ διὰ πολλῆς ὑμνήσεως ἐπιφανεῖς κατασκευάζειν τοὺς διὰ τῶν ποιημάτων ἀπαθανατιζομένους τῆ δόξῃ,

Ούρανίαν δ'ἀπὸ τοῦ τοὺς παιδευθέντας ὑπ' αὐτῆς ἐξαίρεσθαι πρὸς οὐρανόν: τῆ γὰρ δόξῃ καὶ τοῖς φρονήμασι μετεωρίζεσθαι τὰς ψυχὰς εἰς ὕψος οὐράνιον.

Καλλιόπην δ'ἀπὸ τοῦ καλὴν ὅπα προἑεσθαι, τοῦτο δ'ἐστὶ τῆ εὐεπεία διάφορον οῦσαν ἀποδοχῆς τυγχάνειν ὑπο τῶν ἀχουόντων.

— Diodorus Siculus (ca. 80–20 BCE), Library of History (ca. 40 BCE)  $\mathbf{M}\mathbf{\bar{u}sas}$  d'autas ōnomasthai apo tū  $m \ddot{u} \bar{e}n$  tūs anthrōpūs, tūto d'estin apo tū didaskēn ta kala kai sümferonta kai hüpo tōn apaideutōn agnoumena

hekastē de prosēgoria ton oikēon logon aponemontes fasin ōnomasthai tēn men:

 $\mathbf{K} \mathbf{l} \bar{\mathbf{e}} \bar{\mathbf{o}}$  dia to ton ek tēs poiēseos ton enkomiadzomenon epainon mega kleos peripoien tois epainomenois;

**Euterpēn** d'apo tū terpēn tūs akroōmenūs tois apo tēs paidēas agathois;

**Thalēan** d'apo tū thalēn epi polūs xronūs tūs dia tōn poiēmatōn enkōmiadzomenūs;

Melpomenēn d'apo tēs melōdias di hēs tūs akūontas psüxagōgēsthai;

**Terpsixorēn** d'apo tū terpēn tūs akroatas tois ek paidēas perininomenois agathois;

 $\mathbf{Erat}\mathbf{\bar{o}}$  d'apo t $\mathbf{\bar{u}}$  t $\mathbf{\bar{u}}$ s paideuthentas pothēn $\mathbf{\bar{u}}$ s kai eperast $\mathbf{\bar{u}}$ s apotelēn;

**Polümnian** d'apo tū dia polēs hümnēseōs epifanēs kataskeuadzēn tūs dia tōn poiēmatōn apothanatidzomenūs tē doksē

**Ūranian** d'apo tū tūs paideuthentas hüp autēs eksairesthai pros ūranon: tē gar doksē kai tois fronēmasi meteoridzesthai tas psūxas ēs hüpsos ūranion;

Kaliopēn d'apo tū kalēn opa proiesthai, tūto d'esti tē euepēa diaforon ūsan apodoksēs tünxanēn hüpo tōn akūontōn.

— transliteration: Ellen Kaisse

Men have given the **Muses** their name from the word *muein*, which signifies the teaching of those things which are noble and expedient and are not known by the uneducated.

For the name of each Muse, they say, men have found a reason appropriate to her:

**Cleio** is so named because the praise which poets sing in their encomia bestows great glory (*kleos*) upon those who are praised;

**Euterpê**, because she gives those who hear her sing delight (*terpein*) in the blessings which education bestows;

**Thaleia**, because men whose praises have been sung in poems flourish (*thallein*) through long periods of time;

**Melpomenê**, from the chanting (*melodia*) by which she charms the souls of her listeners;

**Terpsichorê**, because she delights (*terpein*) her disciples with the good things which come from education;

**Erato**, because she makes those who are instructed by her men who are desired and worthy to be loved;

**Polymnia**, because by her great (*polle*) praises (*humnesis*) she brings distinction to writers whose works have won for them immortal fame;

**Urania**, because men who have been instructed of her she raises aloft to heaven (*ouranos*), for it is a fact that imagination and the power of thought lift men's souls to heavenly heights;

**Calliopê**, because of her beautiful (kale) voice (ops), that is, by reason of the exceeding beauty of her language she wins the approbation of her auditors.

-translation: C.H. Oldfather

#### Soprano

Barb Anderson Sue Cobb Abigail Cooper Susanna Erber Peggy Hudson Jenny Hughart Genevieve Hurlocker Peggy Kurtz Aili Niimura Veena Ramakrishnan Melissa Semmes-Thorne Nancy Shasteen Nicole Tim

#### Alto

Jennifer Chung Deanna Fryhle Heather Fryhle Laura Hooning Pamela Ivezić Ellen Kaisse Jan Kinney Theodora Letz Lila Woodruff May Laurie Medill **Joette Warren** 

#### Tenor

Dan Charlson Ralph Cobb Aaron Keyt Jon Lange Tom Nesbitt Nathan Shiu Lyon Stewart **Rick Thompson** 

#### Bass

Gus Blazek **Timothy Braun** Steve Carl Peter Henry Rabi Lahiri Jack Meyer Glenn Ramsdell Steve Tachell William Willaford Rick Wyckoff

#### Violin

Leah Anderson Susan Beals Lauren Daugherty Dean Drescher Gabrielle Ferra Stephen Hegg Jason Hershey Manchung Ho Maria Hunt Fritz Klein Mark Lutz Gregor Nitsche Susan Ovens **Jean Provine** Stephen Provine\*\* Theo Schaad Kenna Smith-Shangrow June Spector Nicole Tsong Renee Zhang\*

#### Viola

**Eugene** Chin Fiona Crumrine Grant Hanner\* Katherine McWilliams Stephanie Read Marian Silberstein Karoline Vass Mica Weiland

#### Cello

Peter Ellis Stephen Forster Christy Johnson Max Lieblich Katie Sauter Messick Valerie Ross Matthew Wyant\*

#### Bass

Anthony Balducci **Richard Green** Io Hansen Kevin McCarthy Steven Messick\*

Flute Shari Muller-Ho\* Melissa Underhill

Piccolo Kate Johnson

Alto Flute Virginia Knight Janof

Oboe Margaret Siple Daren Weissfisch\*

**English Horn** Yuh-Pey Lin

Clarinet Steven Noffsinger\* Kristin Schneider

E<sup>b</sup> Clarinet Chris Peterson

**Bass Clarinet** Cynthia Ely

Bassoon Jeff Eldridge\* Lesley Petty David Wall

#### Contrabassoon

Michel Jolivet

#### French Horn

**Barney Blough** Laurie Heidt\* Matthew Kruse Carey LaMothe **Robin Stangland** 

#### Trumpet

Patrick Hunninghake Todd Mahaffey Sarah Weinberger Janet Young\*

#### Trombone

Cuauhtemoc Escobedo\* **John Griffin** Nathaniel Oxford

Tuba David Brewer

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Janet Young : :

#### Allegro [\$100-\$249]

Bruce & Janice Abe Julia Akoury Anonymous (2) Diana & Michael Beaumont Minnie Biggs Timothy & Andrea Braun Dan Charlson Jennifer Chung & Aaron Keyt Michael & Patricia Clarke Martha Clatterbaugh **Jane Cottrell** Suzanne Denison Charles Doak Kathleen Dow Sherman Griffin Merilee Grindle Laurie Heidt & Joe Jimenez Nori Heikkinen Elizabeth Hewitt Charlotte Hood Laura & Michael Hooning John Hopkins & Irene Scheck Robert Iackman Kenneth Johnson Mary Judge Sven & Marta Kalve Lillian Lahiri Rabi Lahiri Lauren Lamont Ken & Janie Lanier Wini Leung Anna & Jeffrey Lieblich Yuh-Pey Lin Kathleen Lofstedt Joseph & Helga Marceau Kevin McCarthy Michael McGoodwin German Mendoza Jr. Rebecca Minich 🕴 John Morgan Christine Moss Thomas J. Nesbitt Kara Novak Karen & Daniel Oie Yvette & Eric Olson Susan & David Ovens Jean Provine Rebecca Rodman Valerie Ross John & Ruth Rugh Kathleen Sankey

Geralyn Shreve Maryann Tagney Nicole Tsong David & Reba Utevsky Peter & Tjitske van der Meulen Amy Vandergon Jamie Walter Frances Walton Anthony & Roselee Warren Coleman White Jav V. White Nancy White **James Whitson** William Willaford Susan Woods Mark Wysoski Meng Xu Evelyn Yenson Yu Zhang

- ♪ George Shangrow Society
- I Ostinato Giving Program
- B Commissioning Club

#### In Memoriam

Philippe-Olivier Faaland Karen Fant Stephen Keeler (6) Avron Maletzky Rebecca C. McGoodwin Les & Barbara Roberts George Shangrow (3) Marcia Smith (3) Liesel van Cleeff (2)

#### In Honor of

Julia Akoury Jon Lange David & Susan Ovens Mike & Janet Showalter Megsie Siple & John Walter Clinton Smith Kenna Smith-Shangrow William White

#### **Matching Gifts**

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Harmonia, a non-profit 501(c)3 arts organization, wishes to thank all of the supporters who have made our first half-century possible. The above list includes tax-deductible gifts received from August 1, 2020, through April 14, 2022. Please e-mail **giving@** harmoniaseattle.org if you notice omissions or inaccuracies. Contributions are fully tax-deductible. To make a donation, please visit harmoniaseattle.org/support or call 206-682-5208.



#### **ABOUT HARMONIA**

Harmonia Orchestra and Chorus is a vocal-instrumental ensemble unique among Pacific Northwest musical organizations, combining a 70-member orchestra with a 55-voice chorus to perform oratorio masterworks alongside symphonic and *a cappella* repertoire, world premieres and chamber music.

Founded by George Shangrow in 1969 as the Seattle Chamber Singers, from its inception the group performed a diverse array of music—works of the Medieval, Renaissance and Baroque periods to contemporary pieces and world premieres—accompanied by an ad hoc group of instrumentalists for Bach cantatas and Handel oratorios (many of which received their first Seattle performances at SCS concerts). Over the past five decades, the ensemble has performed all of the greatest choral-orchestral masterpieces, from Beethoven's Ninth and *Missa Solemnis* to Stravinsky's *Symphony of Psalms*, Mendelssohn's *Elijah* to Brahms' *German Requiem*, and Haydn's *The Creation* and *The Seasons* to Britten's *War Requiem*. Meanwhile, the orchestra, partnering with world-class soloists, has explored the symphonic repertoire, programming beloved warhorses alongside seldom-performed gems.

After George Shangrow lost his life in a car crash in 2010, the volunteer performers of Harmonia partnered with a number of distinguished guest conductors to carry on the astounding musical legacy he had created. Clinton Smith served as the ensemble's second music director, a period that saw musical growth, new partnerships and increased engagement in the community.

#### **SUPPORT HARMONIA**

As with any performing-arts organization, ticket proceeds provide only a fraction of our operating costs. In order to continue our mission of bringing great music to Seattle-area audiences, we depend on financial support from individuals, foundations and corporations. Every gift, no matter what size, enables us to perform more music and reach more people. Donors are acknowledged in our concert programs (unless they prefer to remain anonymous) and receive special benefits, including invitations to exclusive events. Harmonia accepts gifts in many forms beyond one-time cash donations, including **financial instruments** such as stocks, properties and annuities. We also encourage donors to consider a recurring monthly contribution as part of our **Ostinato Giving Program**. Our planned-giving program, the **George Shangrow Society**, is named in honor of our founder, and accepts gifts in wills, trusts or beneficiary designations.

To contribute, visit **harmoniaseattle.org/support** or visit the lobby during intermission or after the concert.

#### Land Acknowledgement

Harmonia acknowledges that our performances take place on Indigenous land: the traditional territory of Coast Salish peoples, specifically the dx<sup>w</sup>dəw?abš (Duwamish), "The People of the Inside." Harmonia is proud to participate in the Duwamish Real Rent program. (Visit **realrentduwamish.org** for more information.)

#### HARMONIA BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Stephen Hegg, president Ellen Kaisse, secretary Jason Hershey, treasurer Jim Hattori Jan Kinney Rabi Lahiri Theodora Letz David Silverstein Kenna Smith-Shangrow

#### **HARMONIA STAFF**

David Wall, managing director Sheila Bristow, staff accompanist Andrew Danilchik, librarian Louann Rizor & Wendy Hughes-Jelen, bookkeepers Melissa Neely, graphic designer



# JUBILATION

## Saturday, October 9, 2021 • 7:30 p.m.

First Free Methodist Church, 3200 3rd Ave W

Tess Altiveros, soprano	Sarah Mattox, mezzo-soprano
Brendan Tuohy, tenor	Anton Belov, baritone

A concert of light music and high spirits: for our return to the stage, we present a brilliant program of choruses, arias and overtures!

Mason Toast of the Town • Dvořák Žalm 149 White Psalm 46 • J. Strauss II Overture to Die Fledermaus Arias and duets by Verdi, Bizet, Gounod, Humperdinck, Rossini and Mozart Beach Bal Masqué • Puccini Humming Chorus from Madama Butterfly L. Bernstein "Make Our Garden Grow" from Candide

## Saturday, November 6, 2021 • 7:30 p.m.

First Free Methodist Church, 3200 3rd Ave W

Kimberly Giordano, soprano Charles Robert Stephens, baritone

Few musical works contain the breadth of emotion encompassed in Johannes Brahms' stirring *German Requiem*. Join us as we celebrate life and exalt the grand human spirit that binds us together.

Hubert Parry Elegy for Brahms Johannes Brahms Ein deutsches Requiem, Op. 45



Saturday, December 18, 2021 • 2:30 p.m. First Free Methodist Church, 3200 3rd Ave W

Sunday, December 19, 2021 • 2:30 p.m.

Bastyr Chapel, 14500 Juanita Drive NE

Ellaina Lewis, soprano Brendan Tuohy, tenor José Luis Muñoz, countertenor Ryan Bede, baritone

A timeless classic and a Seattle tradition, we once again present the region's only performances of Handel's full and unabridged score.

George Frideric Handel Messiah, HWV 56

#### Saturday, February 5, 2022 • 7:30 p.m. First Free Methodist Church, 3200 3rd Ave W

Rachel Lee Priday, violin

How do we continue to make art in the midst of global disruption? Faced with the cataclysms of the second world war, these composers persevered, creating some of the most glorious works of the 20th century.

William Grant Still Poem for Orchestra Samuel Barber Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, Op. 14 Sergei Prokofiev Symphony No. 5 in Birmajor, Op. 100



### Sunday, March 13, 2022 • 3:00 p.m.

First Free Methodist Church, 3200 3rd Ave W

Zach Finkelstein, EvangelistAri Nieh, JesusArwen Meyers, sopranoLaura Beckel Thoreson, mezzo-sopranoBrendan Tuohy, tenorZachary Lenox, baritone

Among the greatest masterpieces of Western civilization, Bach's *St. Matthew Passion* is a musical experience unlike any other: a drama of superhuman scale wrought in music of profound intimacy.

Sunday, April 24, 2022 • 7:30 p.m. Benaroya Hall, 200 University St

Join us for a bacchanalian season finale, as we revel in the warm Mediterranean breezes of Boulanger and Ravel, and present the world premiere of a major new work by our own music director, William White!

Lili Boulanger D'un matin de printemps William C. White The Muses WORLD PREMIERE Maurice Ravel Daphnis et Chloé

Johann Sebastian Bach St. Matthew Passion, BWV 244